Hungarian politician visits Addison County Bivalent vaccine numbers are lagging

democratic traditions

met with elected officials in Washington, D.C., visited the Vermont Statehouse and spoke with various state officials about their work in sustaining a healthy democracy.

By MARIN HOWELL
STARKSBORO — Five
Hungarians traveled to Vermont late
last month to experience much more than the state's seasonal offerings of

than the state's seasonal offerings of leaf peeping and apple picking.

All members of the Hungarian National Assembly, the parliamentarians were here on an Open World trip sponsored by the Vermont Council on World Affairs. Starksboro residents Brad Johnson and Ellen Yount were among those who hosted members of the group

"I've benefited from people in other countries who have hosted me over the years, so it's satisfying to be able to give back in some fashion," Johnson said of his decision to host Johnson said of his accission to host.
"I love Vermont, so it's a lot of
fun getting to show Vermont off to
somebody who otherwise may not
have come here."
Johnson and his family hosted
Balázs Barkóczi, a member of
the Democratic Coalition, or DK,

party in Hungary. Barkóczi was elected in April to serve a fourelected in April to serve a four-year term in parliament. He is one of 12 DK members to sit in the country's 199-person National Assembly, which is dominated by the conservative Fidesz party.

Barkóczi said through a translator that he chose to participate in the that he chose to participate in the Open World program to learn more about the United States, a country he had not visited before this trip. Additionally, he hoped to learn more about America's political system and how political practices work in a country with more established



HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENTARIAN BALÁZS Barkóczi explores Bristol's Main Street during his trip to Vermont last month. Barkóczi was visiting Addison County as part of an Open World trip sponsored by the Vermont Council on World Affairs and was hosted by Starksborr essidents Brad Johnson and Ellen Yount.

Photo courtesy of Brad Johnson

To me it seems that the way of democratic traditions.

The said he's glad the trip brought into the Green Mountain State, as each year a different community in the United States hosts Open World participants.

"I'm very happy that we did get chance to visit Vermont because this chance to visit Vermont because this."

"They don't work the same way its more produced by the said of his more pro chance to visit Vermont because this is a way for us to learn not just about the central and federal (political) system but all of America," he said.

During the 10-day program, Barkóczi and other participants met with elected officials in Washington, D.C. visited the in Hungary, politics is much more chaotic and nontransparent in my

chaotic and nontransparent in my country." Barkóczi also got to see local democracy in action at a Mount Abraham Unified School District board meeting. Johnson serves on the board as a Starksboro representative

"I was very impressed by the fact that people seem to have real ownership of the issues that come up at the school board meeting, and that they strive to find solutions together to come up with shared solutions to the problems," he said. "That I think

the problems," he said. "I hal I hink is a celebration of democracy, and it leads to a healthier society."

In addition to learning about Vermont politics and public administration, Barkóczi enjoyed exploring Addison County and getting to know his hosts.

getting to know his hosts.

"The everyday things that I saw, having a good breakfast in Bristol with Brad and then going to see a (Babe Ruth) high school baseball game, I think this was a much more in-depth glimpse into the way of life in Vermont than if I had only met with politicians," he said. "Most

with politicians." he said. "Most importantly I go back having made a very good friend." Prior to his return to Hungary last week, Barkóczi said he planned to bring a few lessons from his trip back to his work in the Hungarian realization. "(For example) the sense of

"(For example) the sense of community and the community approach to politics, which is definitely an everyday notion here. Not just in politics, but in every other aspect of life," he said.

Barkóczi isn't the only one who Barkoczi isn't the only one who found his visit impactful. Johnson said enjoyed watching Vermonters hear and react to Barkoczi's perspective on local politics and hopes these discussions have lasting

'Having different perspectives "Having different perspectives on how we organize our lives and our society helps both of us. It helps Balázs when he goes home to look at how Hungary does things through a slightly different prism," he said. Johnson added that he hopes Barkóczi's trip has an impact on Vermonters a well:

Vermonters as well: "For example, in the school board case, not taking for granted being blessed with having local control our schools and understanding that the compatibility to be unliked." that is something to be valued

By ERIN PETENKO, VtDigger

26,000 Vermonters have gotten the Omicron booster, putting the state on a slower pace than previous booster campaigns, according to data from the state Department of Health.

Heatin.

Vermont pharmacies, health providers and walk-in clinics began offering the booster, also called the bivalent vaccine, to the general population three weeks ago. In 2021, more than 100,000 people got the booster in the first three weeks after Vermont opened eligibility to high-risk people and people 65 and

older.

Anne Sosin, a health equity researcher at Dartmouth College, said it was still "relatively early" in the campaign, especially since people who have recently contracted Covid are recommended wait until their immunity wears

But she said there were "reasons for concern" about the slow uptake, given that the United States had "increasing incoherence in (its) Covid response." In a "60 Minutes" interview

in a 60 minutes interview earlier this month, President Joe Biden said the pandemic was "over," leading to criticism from some public health experts and officials.

"There's been consistent refrains "There's been consistent refrains that the pandemic is over, that Covid represents a low risk, and so many don't really see the reason to get boosted at this moment in time," Sosin said. "We really need an active effort to counter that messaging."

messaging."

Vermont isn't the only state that has struggled with its latest booster campaign: Less than 2% of eligible Americans got the shot in

the first three weeks of the rollout, according to data from the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

The bivalent booster dose targets

the Omicron strain along with older strains of the virus. Experts say it provides increased protection

against the variants currently circulating throughout the country. Sosin pointed out that not only does the vaccine defend against severe outcomes — like hospitalization and death — but it could play a role in limiting the virus' disruption of schools.

workplaces and communities when Vermonters get sick. "While older populations will incur the most health benefits, there are real reasons for young people to boost this fall," Sosin said.

Almost half of the bivalent vaccine recipients were Vermonters 65 and older, health department data shows.

65 and older, health department data shows.

Recent vaccine campaigns have seen lower and lower uptake, both for boosters and for the newly eligible group of young children. Before the bivalent vaccine became available, only 37% of Vermonters were up to date on their vaccines, including recommended booster doses, according to the health department vaccine dashboard.

Monica Ogleby, chief of the

Monica Ogleby, chief of the Monica Ogleby, chief of the immunization program at the health department, said the number of bivalent boosters was in line with their expectations, given the "pretty consistent trend" that as "pretty consistent trend" that as new vaccines come out, the uptick in demand might look a little bit different, a little bit lower each

They are still "assuming, hoping (and) planning" for about 50 to 60% of eligible Vermonters to eventually

get the bivalent booster, she said.
In June, the health department announced it would close most tis mass vaccination clinics and shut down its appointment portal, instead favoring walk-in clinics. The department's data shows that results of the company to a construct the company to the construction of the construct

meet the community needs. Olgeby said.

Olgeby said.

Starting last week, state-run clinics also offer the flu vaccine for people under 65 years old alongside Covid vaccinations.

Ogleby said 650 people had gotten the flu vaccine at clinics so far, with another 25,000 people receiving the flu vaccine at other locations like

pharmacies.
About 37% of bivalent Covid boosters were administered at pharmacies, with the rest performed at doctor's offices, hospitals and congregate facilities, department

data shows.

Sosin pointed out that the state's reliance on pharmacies for vaccinations comes at a time of serious staffing shortages for many major chains. When she got vaccinated in the Northeast

many major chains. When she got vaccinated in the Northeast Kingdom in early September, she said, employees told her that the pharmacy had been closed for the previous nine days because of staffing issues.

"Layering vaccination on to a fragmented, private, commercial pharmacy system that's already functioning unevenly is really not a formula for success," she said. "We really do need state run clinics to ensure that everyone has access to boosters right now."



BALAZS BARKOCZI STANDS outside of the Vermont Statehouse in lontpelier. The Hungarian parliamentarian was invited to the seat of erront government to speak with the state's elected officials during is trip to the Green Mountain State.

Photo courtesy of Brad Johnson



Loan forgiveness criteria changes

As of Sept. 29, some borrowers no longer match forgiveness criteria

By PETER D'AURIA, VTDigger

By PETER D'AURIA, VTDigger
On Sept. 30, Hannah Regier
called the Vermont Student
Assistance Corporation, the
state's nonprofit lender, seeking
information about student loan
relief. The Athens artist and town
official has been slowly paying
off student loans since finishing
ardulate school in California 15 graduate school in California 15 graduate school in California 15
years ago, but she still has roughly
\$40,000 in student loan debt from
the Vermont Student Assistance
Corporation, or VSAC.
Under President Joe Biden's
student loan relief plan, announced
by the administration on Aug

by the administration on Aug. 24, Regier believed that she was eligible for up to \$20,000 in loan forgiveness. But she was a day too

A VSAC counselor informed her that, the day prior, the Biden administration had quietly changed the criteria for loan relief

changed the criteria for loan relief

meaning that Regier's was
apparently no longer eligible.
"It really sucks," Regier said in
an interview. "I definitely used the
F-word a couple of times with that
year equivaler."

poor counselor." Regier is not alone. The changes Regier is not alone. The changes in the loan forgiveness criteria — enacted discreetly late last month — mean that an estimated 800,000 borrowers across the country are now no longer eligible for loan

That figure could include thousands of people who borrowed money in Vermont.

late August, Biden announced that student borrowers could be eligible for up to either \$10,000 or \$20,000 in onetime student loan relief, depending on their eligibility for Pell Grants, which is federal aid geared toward low-income students

That aid initially included borrowers who took out loans through the Federal Family through the Federal Family Education Loan Program, often called FFEL loans. FFEL loans were guaranteed by the federal government but lent out by private lenders, including banks and nonprofit lenders like the Vermont Student Assistance Corporation. FFEL loans were discontinued in

FFEL loans were discontinued in 2010. But over 4 million borrowers still hold such loans, according to a National Public Radio report. That includes 10,741 people who, like Regier, borrowed through

who, like Regier, borrowed through VSAC, according to Marilyn Cargill, the organization's vice president for financial aid services, marketing and research. Those 10,741 people include former Vermont residents who left the state for college, as well as students who came from out of state to attend Vermont schools

state to attend Vermont schools state to attend Vermont schools. Roughly 37% of those borrowers currently have Vermont addresses, Cargill said.

Those borrowers have a total of approximately \$250 million in FFEL loan debt, according to

Prior to Sept. 29, the federal

government's student aid website told borrowers that they could become eligible for debt relief on their FFEL loans by "consolidating" them into a current federal loan program, the Direct Loan Program.

That process involves filling out an online form, according to Cargill, after which the federal Department of Education works to fold those loans into its own debt

fold those loans into its own debt

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But on Sept. 29, the federal government changed its eligibility criteria. Borrowers with those FFEL loans "cannot obtain one-

FFEL loans "cannot obtain one-time debt relief by consolidating those loans into Direct Loans," the website now reads. Federal officials told NPR that the change would affect roughly 800,000 borrowers. But it's unclear how many Vermonters that reversal how many Vermonters that reversal

will affect.

For one thing, high-income borrowers — those with a yearly income of \$125,000 or more per person, or \$250,000 for a household — are ineligible for debt relief.

What's more, many borrowers have both FFEL loans and publicly

sein Direct Loans.

So if a borrower has \$20,000 in federal Direct Loan debt in addition to FFEL debt, they could receive the maximum amount of relief without even touching their FFEL loans.

But since the above.

But since the change in the Biden (See Loans, Page 3A)

